## TAXONOMIC STATUS AND ORIGIN OF THE SHREWS (SORICIDAE) FROM THE CANARY ISLANDS INFERRED FROM A MTDNA COMPARISON WITH THE EUROPEAN CROCIDURA SPECIES

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## ABSTRACT

European island shrews are either relicts of the endemic Pleistocene fauna, e.g., *Crocidura zimmermanni*, or were introduced from continental source populations. In order to clarify the taxonomic status and the origin of the two shrew species from the Canary Islands, a 981 bp fragment of cytochrome b gene was investigated in all European *Crocidura* species and compared with the Canary shrew (*Crocidura canariensis*) and the Osorio shrew (*Crocidura osorio*). The first shares its karyotype with the Sicilian shrew *Crocidura sicula* (2N = 36), the second with the Greater white-toothed shrew *Crocidura russula* (2N = 42), suggesting possible sister species relationships. Results confirm the monophyly of taxa sharing the same karyotype. Genetic distances between *C. sicula* and *C. canariensis* suggest a separation since 5 Myr. The first was probably isolated from the North African ancestor after the Messinian desiccation; the second arrived on the Canary Islands by natural jump dispersal. Within the 2N = 42 cluster, a first split separated an Eastern line (Tunisia) from a western line (Morocco/Europe) of *C. russula*. *C. osorio* clusters together with *C. russula* from Spain, indicating conspecificy. This suggests a recent introduction from Spain by human.

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