71st Annual Meeting of the International Society of Electrochemistry

30 August - 4 September 2020 Belgrade, Serbia

Electrochemistry towards Excellence



https://annual71.ise-online.org e-mail: events@ise-online.org

71st Annual ISE Meeting - Belgrade Online - Notification of presentation acceptance

Julia Claudia Mirza Rosca <julia.mirza@ulpgc.es>

Mar 11/08/2020 22:23

Para: LUCERO BALDEVENITES <viviana.lucero@ulpgc.es>



De: International Society of Electrochemistry <events@ise-online.org>
Enviado: lunes, 6 de julio de 2020 9:13
Para: Julia Claudia Mirza Rosca <julia.mirza@ulpgc.es>
Asunto: 71st Annual ISE Meeting - Belgrade Online - Notification of presentation acceptance

Dear Julia C. Mirza Rosca,

It is our pleasure to inform you that your submission "*A Preliminary Investigation into the Microscopic Passivation of new Bio High Entropy Alloys*" (ise202874) has been accepted and selected for **a Poster** presentation in symposium "s11" of the **ISE Belgrade Online Meeting**.

Please be aware that for your presentation to be maintained as **a Poster** presentation, we must receive your registration **before 31 July 2020**. To help us manage this first ISE Online Meeting, please register as soon as possible, don't wait until the last moment.

Link to registration: https://annual71.ise-online.org/registration.php

For all Oral presentations, you will soon receive more information from your Symposium Organizers.

Only registered participant will be able to submit a Poster (pdf), and will receive information about how to submit.

IMPORTANT DATES

Registration deadline for presentation(s): 31 July 2020

(Presentations without a registered speaker or Poster presenter will be cancelled and removed from the program on 01 August 2020).

With best wishes,

Jelana Bajat and Aleksandar Dekanski Organizing Committee co-chairs

International Society of Electrochemistry email: events@ise-online.org

A Preliminary Investigation into the Microscopic Passivation of new Bio High Entropy Alloys

<u>Julia C.Mirza Rosca</u>, Nestor Florido Suarez, Ionelia Voiculescu, Victor Geanta University of Las Palmas de Gran Canaria, Mech.Eng.Dept. Campus Universitario Tafira EIIC – 35017 julia.mirza@ulpgc.es

In recent years, due to the great advance of scientific and technological research, new alloys are being explored with a different metallurgical concept: at least three basic components and these alloys are called High Entropy Alloys (HEA). In this way it was created the groundwork for a new concept in alloy design by looking after combinations of metals to work "in team" for an advanced material with unique properties.

At the end of the last century, the progress of science led to the rapid development of biomedical materials and the recent development of high entropy alloys (HEA) provides a new perspective for a new generation of biomaterials.

Two new experimental alloys (with the composition presented in Table 1) were obtained by Vacuum Arc Remelting from high purity chemical elements (99.5%) that exhibit extremely low bio-toxicity for the human body (for this reason we named them BioHEA).

	Wt.%							
	Mo	Та	Ti	Zr	Nb	Fe		
BioHEA 1	20.45	32.45	12.67	18.97		15.46		
BioHEA 2	17.32	38.95	13.21	17.45	13.07			

Table 1. Chemical composition of the analyzed BioHEA.

The alloys were microstructurally characterized (dendritic morphology, Fig.1 and Fig.2) and microhardness measurements were performed. Both the compositional analysis performed using the dispersive energy probe and the structural characterization by X-ray diffraction revealed the dendritic separation of compounds in the fine dendritic matrix.

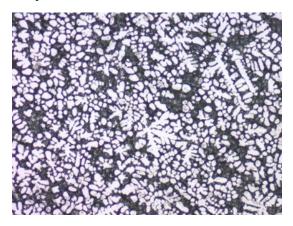




Fig.1. BioHEA 1 microstructure

Fig.2. BioHEA 2 microstructure

In order to analyze the passivation process, the electrochemical impedance spectroscopy technique at different potentials was used and the experimental results were compared with those obtained by potentiostatic and potentiodynamic techniques.

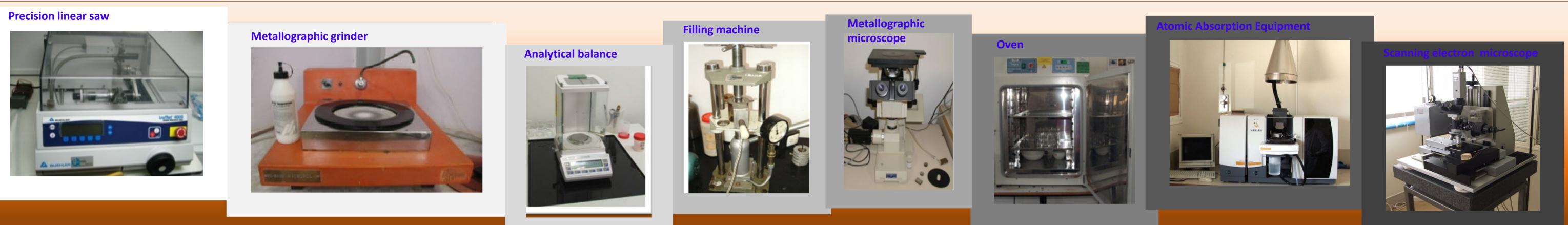
The low corrosion rates, low corrosion currents and high polarization resistance attest the good stability of these BioHEA in simulated biological environments.



A Preliminary Investigation into the Microscopic Passivation of new Bio High Entropy Alloys

Julia C. Mirza Rosca¹, Nestor Florido Suarez², Ionelia Voiculescu³, Victor Geanta³ ¹Mechanical Engineering Department, University of Las Palmas de Gran Canaria, , Spain [julia.mirza@ulogc.es] ²Processing Engineering Department, University of Las Palmas de Gran Canaria, Spain ³LAMET, Politecnica University of Bucharest, Romania

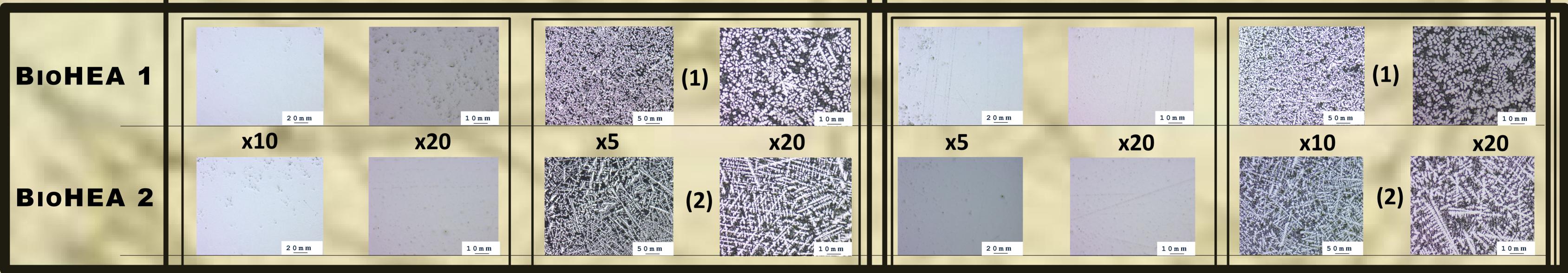
EQUIPMENT



CHEMICAL COMPOSITION OF THE ANALYZED BIOHEA

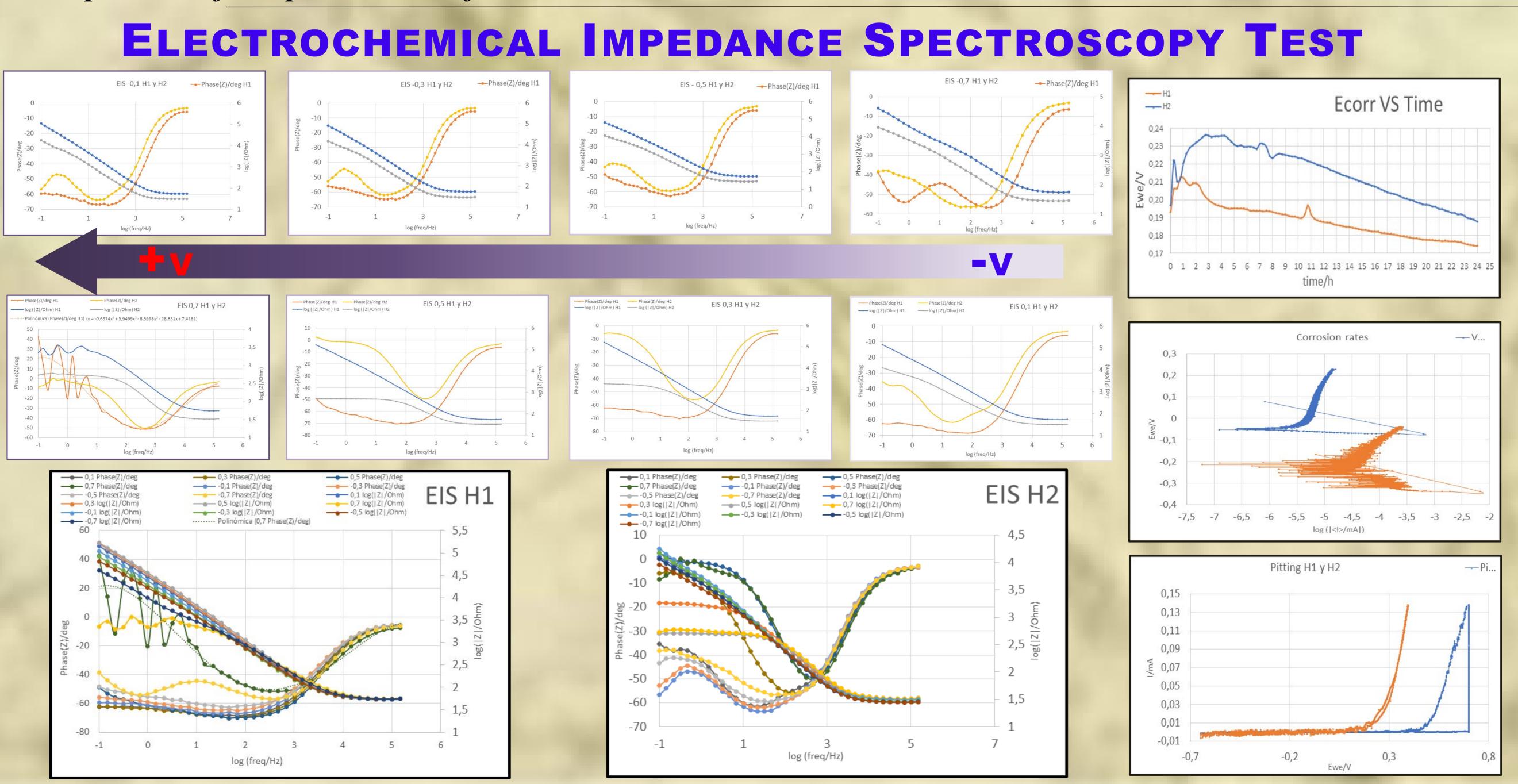


CHEMICAL ATTACK AND METALLOGRAPHIC ANALYSIS



Grinding and polishing phases	20-second Kroll attack		Grinding and polishing phases	10-second Kroll attack	
Experience 1			Experience 2		

The alloys were microstructurally characterized (dendritic morphology, (1) and (2) and microhardness measurements were performed. Both the compositional analysis performed using the dispersive energy probe and the structural characterization by X-ray diffraction revealed the dendritic separation of compounds in the fine dendritic matrix.



CONCLUSIONS

In order to analyze the passivation process, the electrochemical impedance spectroscopy technique at different potentials was used and the experimental results were compared with those obtained by potentiostatic and potentiodynamic

